# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

SC0609000

# Section 1. Identification

Product name	: EL™609 Green Insulating Varnish Aerosol
Product code	: SC0609000
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Aerosol.
Relevant identified uses of th	e substance or mixture and uses advised against
Paint or paint related material.	
Manufacturer	: Sprayon Products Group 101 W. Prospect Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio 44115
Emergency telephone number of the company	: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 01-800-00-214-00 / (52) 55-5559-1588 24 hours / 365 days a year
Product Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 247-3266 Mexico: Not Available
Regulatory Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (216) 566-2902 Mexico: Not Available
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 01-800-00-214-00 / (52) 55-5559-1588 24 hours / 365 days a year

# Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	<ul> <li>This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).</li> </ul>
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</li> </ul>
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 14.9% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 18.8% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 36.9%
GHS label elements	

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# Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep
	upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

:11/5/2019

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture

- : Mixture
- Other means of identification
- - : Not available.

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Methyl Acetate	≥10 - ≤25	79-20-9
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	≥10 - ≤25	78-93-3
Propane	≥10 - ≤25	74-98-6
Butane	≥10 - ≤25	106-97-8
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	≤5	108-10-1
n-Butyl Acetate	≤5	123-86-4
Calcium Carbonate	≤5	1317-65-3
Titanium Dioxide	≤3	13463-67-7
Trimethylpentanediol Diisobutyrate	≤3	6846-50-0
Xylene, mixed isomers	<1	1330-20-7
Paratertiarybutylphenol	≤0.3	98-54-4
Ethylbenzene	≤0.3	100-41-4
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	≤0.3	64742-47-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Potential acute health effects

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# Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
	-
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> </ul>
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.

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# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling		
Protective measures	con not use bee vap Wea hea (ver	on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized tainer: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before . Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have n read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe or or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. ar appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from t, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical ntilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. pty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	han drin ente	ing, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is dled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, king and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before ering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene asures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	and and app	re in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use ropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for ompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 606 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 757 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 610 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 760 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 610 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 885 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 885 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 885 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 885 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Propane	74-98-6	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
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#### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential. 106-97-8 NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). Butane TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). Explosive potential. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). 108-10-1 Methyl Isobutyl Ketone TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 205 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 410 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 123-86-4 NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). n-Butyl Acetate TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Calcium Carbonate 1317-65-3 OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Total Titanium Dioxide 13463-67-7 ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust Trimethylpentanediol Diisobutyrate 6846-50-0 None. Xylene, mixed isomers 1330-20-7 ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 7/20 Date of issue/Date of revision : 11/27/2019 Date of previous issue : 11/5/2019 Version :13 SC0609000 EL™609 Green Insulating Varnish Aerosol SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

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Paratertiarybutylphenol	98-54-4	None.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
		TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
		STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-47-8	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).
		Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon
		vapor) 8 hours.

#### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Methyl acetate	79-20-9	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 606 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 757 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
		TWAEV: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 606 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEV: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 757 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,</b> <b>7/2013).</b> STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>15 min OEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 590 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 885 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).</li> <li>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</li> <li>TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>STEV: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> </ul>

		CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).
Normal proposa	74.09.6	STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
Normal propane	74-98-6	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</li> <li>TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWAEV: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).</li> <li>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</li> </ul>
		7/2013). STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential.
Butane	106-97-8	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019). Explosive potential.</li> <li>STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.</li> </ul>
Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 205 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 307 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).</li> <li>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</li> <li>TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEV: 75 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 75 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 30 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWAEV: 307 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWAEV: 307 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>TASTEV: 75 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TASTEV: 307 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>TASTEV: 307 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>TEX: 75 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TASTEV: 307 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> </ul>
Normal butyl acetate	123-86-4	<b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</b> 15 min OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours.
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		8 hrs OEL: 713 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,</b> <b>5/2019).</b> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).</b> TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. <b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b> TWAEV: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 713 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEV: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,</b> <b>7/2013).</b> STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	<ul> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust</li> <li>TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</li> <li>TWAEV: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust.</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).</li> <li>TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> </ul>
Xylene	1330-20-7	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</li> <li>TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019).
TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
TWAEV: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
STEV: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
STEV: 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
7/2013).
STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

#### **Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)**

	CAS #	Exposure limits	
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.	
Propane	74-98-6	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.	
Butane	106-97-8	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1		
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.	

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Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard si assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposu gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following prot the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection:	ure to liquid splashes, mists, tection should be worn, unless
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handli eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end o Appropriate techniques should be used to remove poter Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure the showers are close to the workstation location.	of the working period. ntially contaminated clothing.
Individual protection me		
Environmental exposure controls	<ul> <li>Emissions from ventilation or work process equipments they comply with the requirements of environmental pro cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modification will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable level</li> </ul>	otection legislation. In some ons to the process equipment
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclos other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to a recommended or statutory limits. The engineering cont vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive ventilation equipment.	airborne contaminants below any trols also need to keep gas, e limits. Use explosion-proof

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Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	: Liquid.	
Color	: Not available.	
Odor	: Not available.	
Odor threshold	: Not available.	
рН	: Not available.	
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.	
Boiling point/boiling range	: Not available.	
Flash point	: Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]	
Evaporation rate	: 5.6 (butyl acetate = 1)	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 1.38% Upper: 16%	
Vapor pressure	: 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C]	
Vapor density	: 1.55 [Air = 1]	
Relative density	: 0.79	
Solubility	: Not available.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.	
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm <sup>2</sup> /s (<20.5 cSt)	
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.	
Aerosol product		
Type of aerosol	: Spray	
Heat of combustion	: 30.862 kJ/g	

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Methyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
, ,	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-
Butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	2080 mg/kg	-
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
, ,	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Methyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
		D-b-b-it		mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit		mg 24 hours 14	
		Rabbit		mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
		Dabbit		UI 40 mm	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
n-Butyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	mg 100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				ug l	
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Trimethylpentanediol Diisobutyrate	Skin - Mild irritant	Guinea pig	-	5 gm	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	504 hours 1 % I	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 UI	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
Paratertiarybutylphenol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50 ug	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 4 hours 500	-
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit		mg 500 mg	_
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15 mg	-

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	-	2B	-
Titanium Dioxide	-	2B	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	3	-
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Methyl Acetate Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
Propane	Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
Butane	Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
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# Section 11. Toxicological information

-			
	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
n-Butyl Acetate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
Calcium Carbonate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Paratertiarybutylphenol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Methyl Ethyl Ketone Propane Butane Methyl Isobutyl Ketone Xylene, mixed isomers Ethylbenzene	Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2	Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined	Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Propane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Butane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene, mixed isomers	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute heal	h effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.	
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.	
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed a enters airways.	Ind
Symptoms related to	the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight	
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# Section 11. Toxicological information

	increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate eff	fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health ef	f <u>ects</u>
Not available.	
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: Suspected of damaging fertility.
-	

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

# Acute toxicity estimatesRouteATE valueOral9370.92 mg/kgInhalation (vapors)180.66 mg/l

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# Section 12. Ecological information

**Toxicity** 

# Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
Methyl Acetate	Acute LC50 320000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours 🥄	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Acute EC50 >500000 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours	
	Acute EC50 5091000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Larvae	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 3220000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days	
	Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	33 days	
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours	
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours	
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours	
Paratertiarybutylphenol	Acute EC50 11.08 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Scenedesmus	72 hours	
		quadricauda - Exponential growth phase		
	Acute EC50 3900 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 5140 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Scenedesmus	72 hours	
		quadricauda - Exponential growth phase		
	Chronic NOEC 0.45 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days	
	Chronic NOEC 0.5 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Gobiocypris rarus - Embryo	28 days	
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours	
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours	
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours	
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours	
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days	

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	-	-	Readily
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	-	-	Readily
n-Butyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	-	Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Trimethylpentanediol Diisobutyrate	-	5340	high
Xylene, mixed isomers Paratertiarybutylphenol	-	8.1 to 25.9 44 to 48	low low

#### Mobility in soil

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## Section 12. Ecological information

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS
Transport   2.1     hazard class(es)		2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	- ERG No.	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2). <b>ERG No.</b>	- ERG No.	-	<u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-D, U
Output the state	126	126	126		
Special precaution	consi mode suitat to shi	modal shipping descr der container sizes. T of transport (sea, air oly for that mode of tra pment, and complian person offering the r	he presence of a sh , etc.), does not ind ansport. All packagi ce with the applicab	hipping description cate that the produ- ng must be reviewe le regulations is the	for a particular let is packaged ed for suitability prior e sole responsibility

of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

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## Section 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Proper shipping name	: Not available.
Ship type	: Not available.
Pollution category	: Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### <u>SARA 313</u>

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

#### International regulations

**International lists** 

: Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined. Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined. Thailand inventory: Not determined. Turkey inventory: Not determined. Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

### Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification		
FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method		
irritation) - Category 3         Date of issue/Date of revision       : 11/27/2019       Date of previous issue       : 11/5/2019         SC0609000       EL™609 Green Insulating Varnish Aerosol	Version : 13 19/20 SHW-85-NA-GHS-US		

## Section 16. Other information

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -	Calculation method
Category 3	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method

<u>History</u>	
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Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.